# Integrated Analysis of Toxicology Data supported by ToxBank

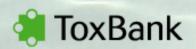
## **OpenTox Euro 2013 Meeting**



Mainz, Germany

October 1, 2013

Barry.Hardy@douglasconnect.com



This project is jointly funded by Cosmetics Europe and the European Commission. Any opinions expressed in these slides are those of the author. Cosmetics Europe is not liable for any use that may be made of the information contained therein.



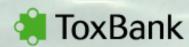




#### 18M





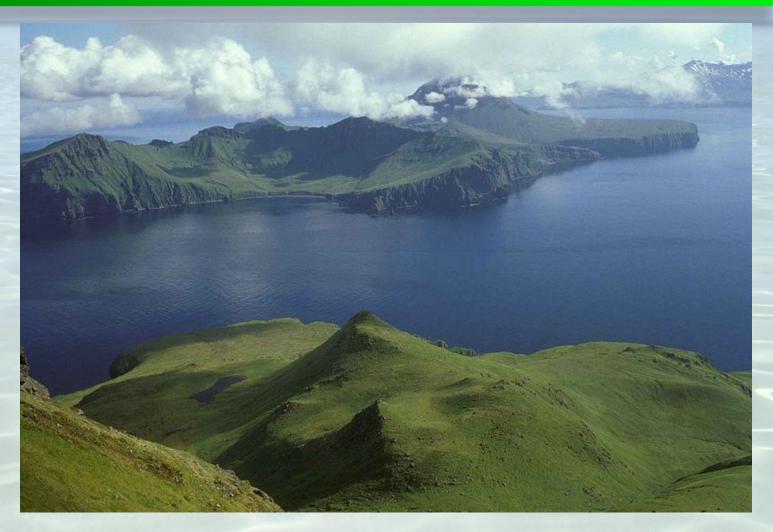


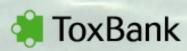






#### **Islands**





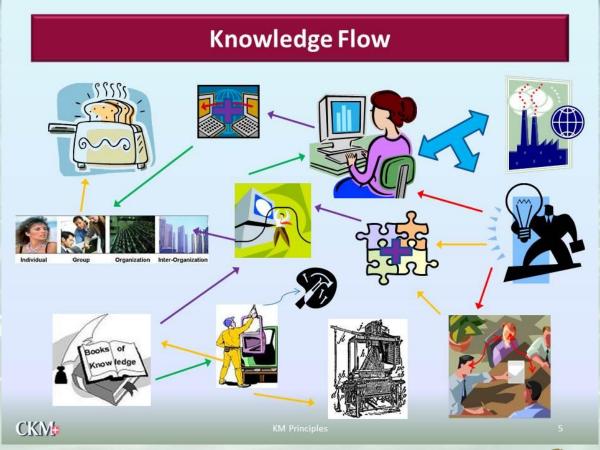


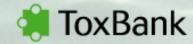






Goal for next year for OpenTox - Accelerating Knowledge Flow of Industry Application and Regulatory Acceptance of New Predictive Toxicology Methods & Testing Strategies based upon an evolving OpenTox framework based on Open Specifications











## **Knowledge-Oriented Framework**



**Tacit** 

**Tacit** 



**Explicit** 

**Knowledge Creation** from R&D: Data, Codes

Combination: Predictive



Knowledge Sharing: **Discussions** 



Socialisation

**Externalisation** 

Books of

Acceptance



Learning: Apply Models

**Tacit** 



Internalisation

**Explicit** 



**Combination** 

**Explicit** 

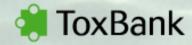


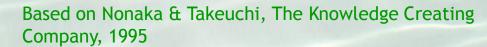
**Explicit** 

Knowledege



Models





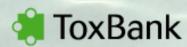






## **Knowledge Sharing**











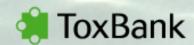
#### **OpenTox**

We are an Open Knowledge Community!

We collaborate, solve problems and create the best solutions we can together.

We learn from each other.

We accelerate knowledge flow and innovation.









#### OpenTox standards

Working Group formed to update for end of March 2014. You are invited to join and participate.

#### **Dataset**

GET
POST
PUT
DELETE

#### **Feature**

GET
POST
PUT
DELETE

#### Compound

GET
POST
PUT
DELETE

#### **AppDomain**

GET
POST
PUT
DELETE

#### Model

GET
POST
PUT
DELETE

#### **Algorithm**

GET
POST
PUT
DELETE

#### Report

GET
POST
PUT
DELETE

#### **Validation**

GET
POST
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#### **Ontology**

GET
POST
PUT
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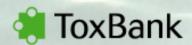


# Plug In Components that solve Problems





Adaptor Solution in Jeddah, 2008

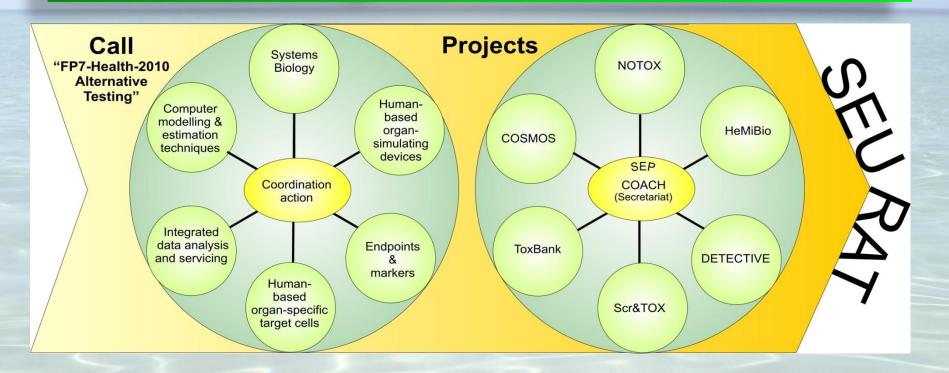




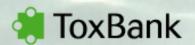




# The Building Blocks of SEURAT-1



~ 70 research groups from European Universities, Public **Research Institutes and Companies** (more than 30% SMEs) www.seurat-1.eu





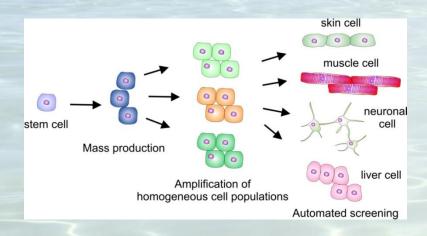




# Building block 1: Scr&Tox

Stem cell differentiation for providing human-based organ specific target cells



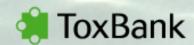




Coordinator: Marc Peschanski INSERM/i-STEM France

website: www.scrtox.eu

## The cell factory





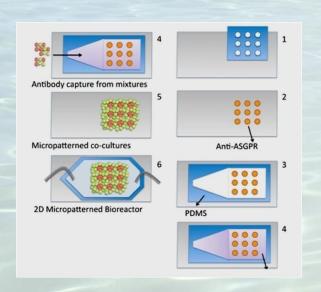


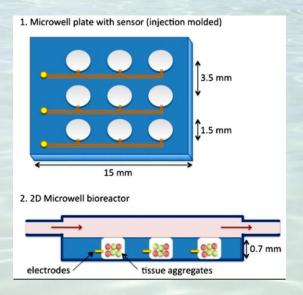


# Building block 2: HeMiBio

Development of a hepatic microfluidic bioreactor



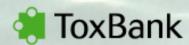




Coordinator:
Catherine Verfaillie
KU LEUVEN, Belgium

website: www.hemibio.eu

#### The in vitro liver





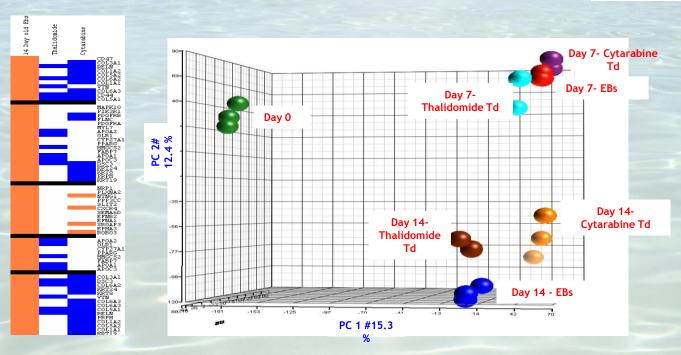




# Building block 3: DETECTIVE

.: Identification of biomarkers for prediction of toxicity in humans

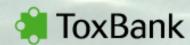




**Coordinator:** Jürgen Hescheler Klinikum der Universität Köln, Germany

website:

Biomarkers and functional assays





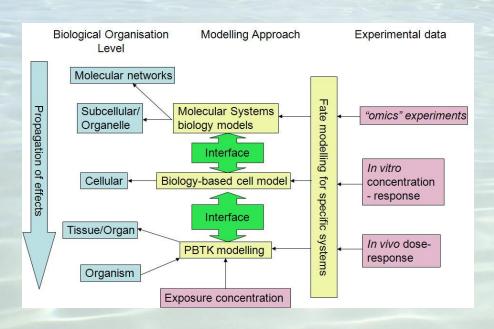




# Building block 4: COSMOS

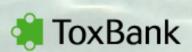
 Delivery of computational tools to predict the effects of chemicals based on in silico calculations and estimation techniques





Coordinator:
Mark Cronin
Liverpool John
Moores University,
UK

website: www.cosmos-tox.eu



In silico toxicology





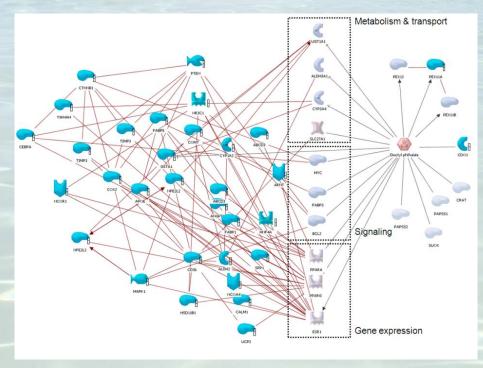


# Building block 5: NOTOX

Development of systems biological tools for organotypic human cell

cultures

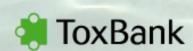




NOTOX

Coordinator: Elmar Heinzle Universität des Saarlandes, Germany

website: www. notox-sb.eu



Thinking in systems







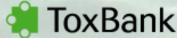
## **ToxBank Infrastructure Project** (started Jan 2011)

#### Establishment of a ...



### www.toxbank.net

- ... cell and tissue banking information resource
- ... repository for the selected test compounds
- ... database of reference test compounds
- ... dedicated web-based data warehouse



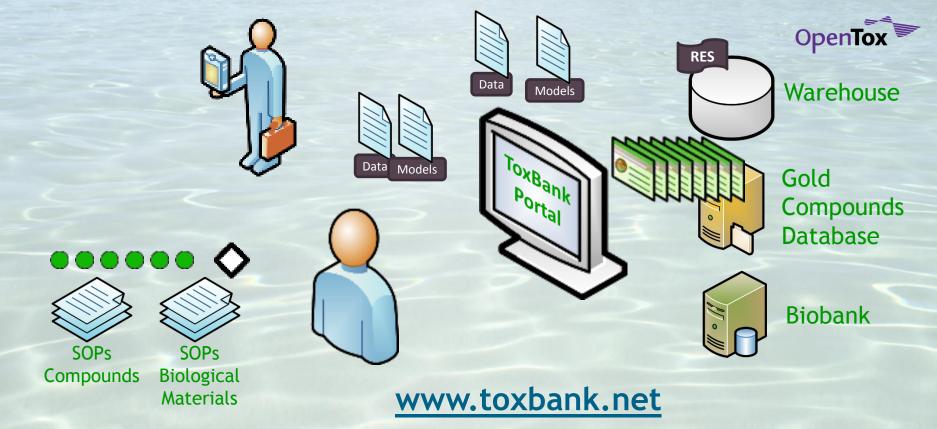


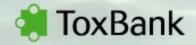




## **Our Infrastructure Vision for ToxBank supporting all steps of Predictive Toxicology Research** based on Alternative Testing methods

Users access compounds, biological materials, data and models for experimental planning and integrated analysis of experimental results





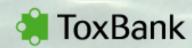






# **Compound Selection**

- Compound Assessment Team: Dave Bower, Matthew Clark, Matthew Dent, Marina Goumenou, Gabrielle Hawksworth, Nina Jeliazkova, Brigitte Landesmann, Silvia Maggioni, Andrew White, Egon Willighagen, Jeffrey Wiseman
- Gold Compound Working Group: Roman Affentranger, Gordana Apic, Emilio Benfenati, Ian Cotgreave, Barry Hardy, Jan Hengstler, Susanne Bremer-Hoffmann, Paul Jennings, Giovanna Lazzari, Inge Mangelsdorf, Filomain Nguemo, Foozia Noor, Agapios Sachinidis, Michael Schwarz, Leo van Grunsven, Mathieu Vinken, Manfred Watzele, Jose-Manuel Zaldivar



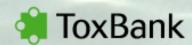






# Background Assumptions: Assay Readout Examples

- Hepatocellular necrosis: release of alanine aminotransferase and propidium iodide uptake without apoptosis
- Apoptosis: NF-κB/p53, caspase-3 activation, and Hoechst/annexin staining
- Inhibition of transporters, e.g. members of the ABC cassette transporter class
- Intra-hepatic cholestatis
- Steatosis and phospholipidosis: staining
- Hepatocyte function: urea synthesis, glycogen storage, albumin secretion, fibrinogen secretion, P450 transformation capacity
- Mitochondrial function: adenosine triphosphate (ATP) and membrane potential
- Oxidative stress: glutathione (GSH) levels & lipid peroxidation









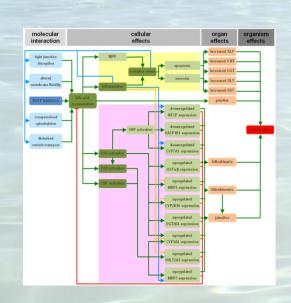
# Mapping Mechanism to Pathway

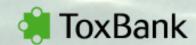
Consider adverse events relevant to cosmetics

Identify drugs demonstrated to exhibit these adverse events in humans

Add Mode of Action (MoA) standards with simpler profiles mapped against key events within Adverse Outcome Pathways (AOPs)

Add non-reactive analogues where needed



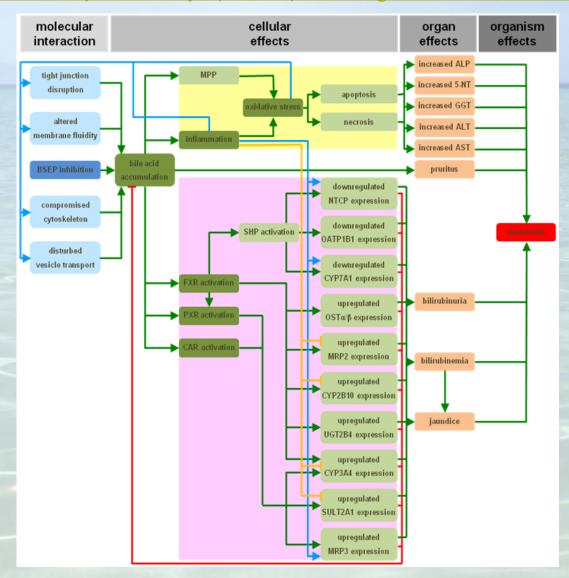


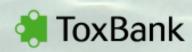






### Adverse outcome pathway (AOP): drug-induced cholestasis





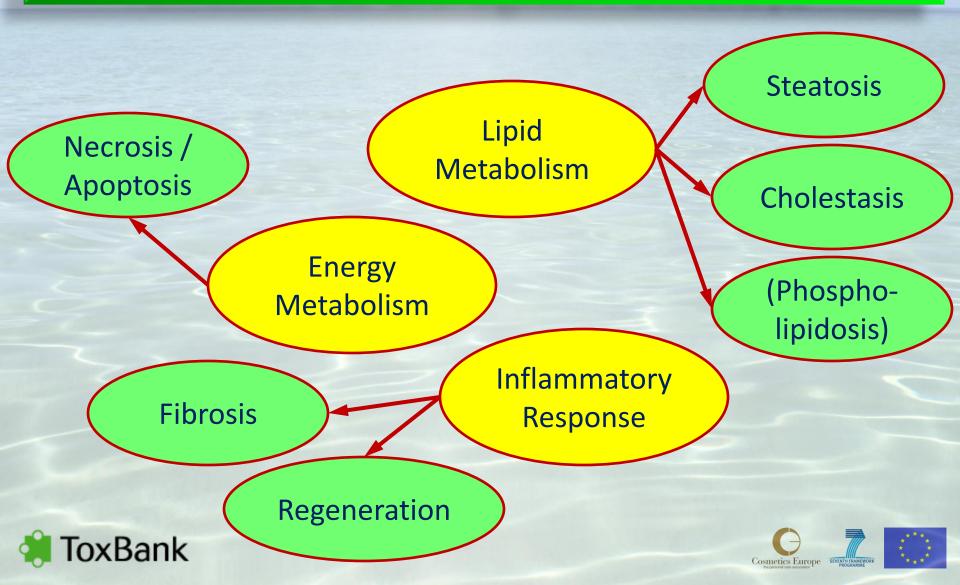
Vinken M., Landesmann B., Goumenou M., Vinken S., Shah I., Jaeschke H., Willett C., Whelan M., Rogiers V. (2013) Development of an adverse outcome pathway from drug-mediated bile salt export pump inhibition to cholestatic liver injury. Archives of Toxicology: submitted.



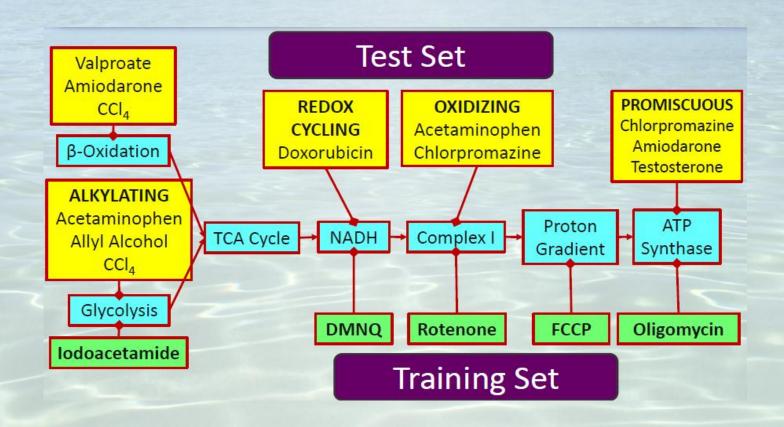


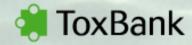


# Compound Selection: Reference Toxicities to Biological Pathways



#### **Compound Selection and Mechanistic Testing**



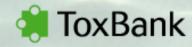








## ToxBank Gold Compound - Doxorubicin

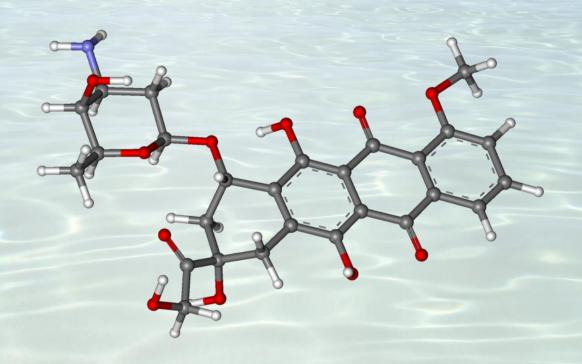


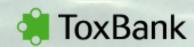






## ToxBank Gold Compound - Doxorubicin



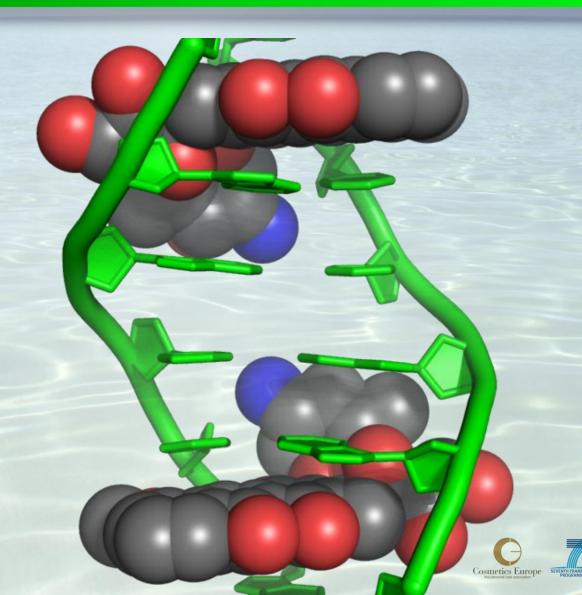


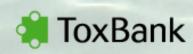






## ToxBank Gold Compound - Doxorubicin





#### ToxBank Wiki Development



Page Discussion

Main Page

Main page Recent changes

- Hepatotoxins
- Cardiotoxins
- Renal Toxins
- Special Substances
- Undifferentiated Stem Cells
- Reagents (Growth Factors)
- Reagents (Antibodies)
- ▶ Reagents (Others)▼ Suppliers (Cells)
- ALSPAC
  Asterand
  Biopredic
  Cellartis
  Cellular Dynamics
  DSMZ

**HPACC** 

ICLC

Lonza BioResearch

ToxBank Wiki

The following wiki pages provide information on compounds and biological materials developed as part of the SEURAT-1 of cluster through the ToxBank project. The research leading to these results has received funding from Cosmetics Europe and the European Community's Seventh Framework Programme of (FP7/2007-2013) under grant agreement n° [267042]. This wiki site reflects only the authors' views. The European Community and Cosmetics Europe are not liable for any use that may be made of the information contained herein.

Gold compounds wiki pages

[edit]

Q

[edit]

Information on this wiki is based on the research and compound selection tasks performed by the Gold Compound Working Group (GCWG) using a selection criteria outlined by members of the GCWG. Further background information may be available from this working group or under review; selected reviewed materials are made available here.

- Hepatotoxic Compounds
- Cardiotoxic Compounds
- Selection Criteria

Recent News

Questions, inquiries, comments and feedback regarding the scientific content on these pages may be directed to the Gold Compound Working Group (GCWG) . The email will automatically be sent to all members on the GCWG group.

Assistance with wiki access or issues with the website in general may be directed to Micha Rautenberg in David Bower of the ToxBank project.

#### Biological materials wiki pages

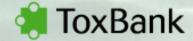
[edit]

[edit]

This wiki contains information on cells and reagents relevant to the SEURAT-1 cluster. The following document provides guidance for the banking and supply of human embryonic stem cells:

Questions, inquiries, comments and feedback regarding the scientific content on these pages may be directed to the Luam Kidane 🔘 at the UK Stem Cell Bank.

A report detailing the compound selection strategy was produced as a result of the numerous insightful meetings held at the Seurat-1 2<sup>nd</sup> Annual Meeting @ and may be downloaded here.





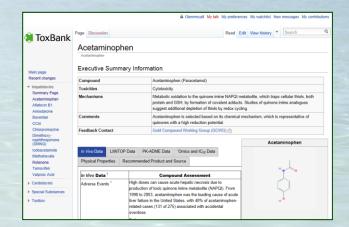
Read Edit View history

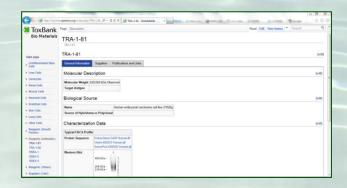


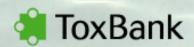


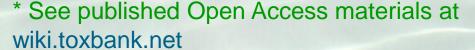
## Information resources

- Gold compound wiki\*
  - Information on selection criteria
  - In vivo, PB-PK data, 'omics/IC50, physical data and sources
  - Discussion forum
- Biomaterials wiki
  - Information on cells (stem cells, hES/iPS-derived cells, primary cells), reagents (e.g. antibodies, growth factors) and suppliers
  - Discussion forum















#### Organizing notes collected from interviews with SEURAT scientists





Hierarchically grouping the notes



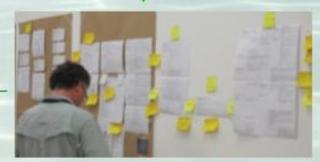
Generating design ideas



Storyboarding different user interfaces



Evaluating different approaches



Reviewing use cases





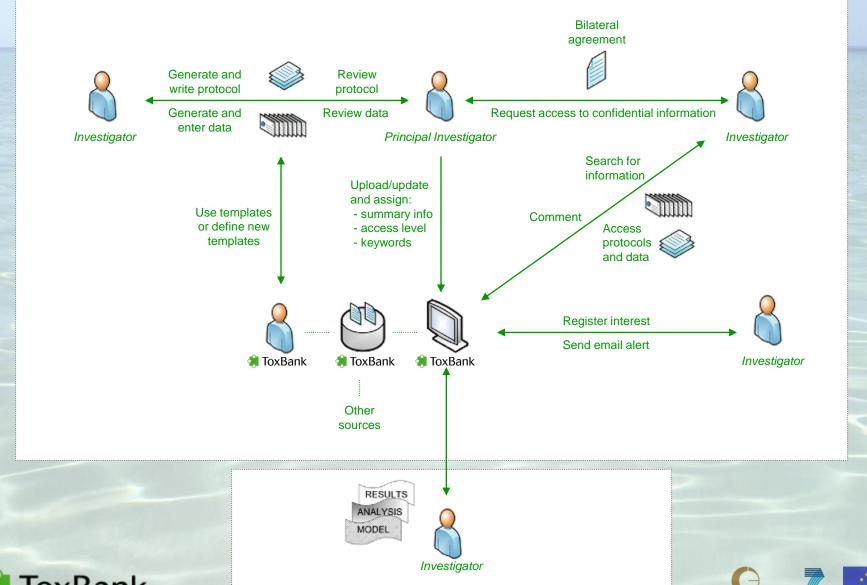


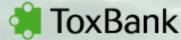




#### **Outline of the ToxBank Data Warehouse**

Phase 1: Unified data access



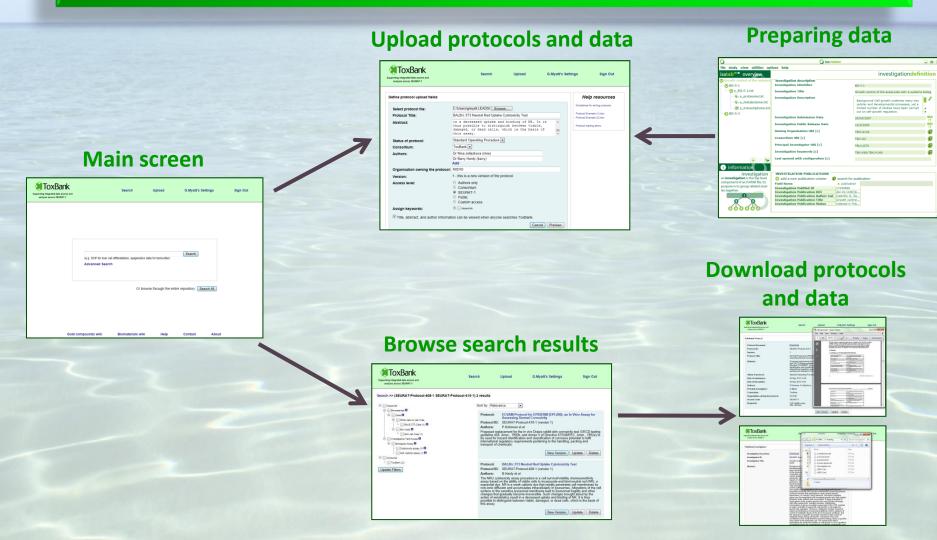


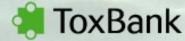






## ToxBank – Initial Release & Testing











#### Use of SEURAT-configured ISAcreator to prepare datasets



**Investigation information SEURAT-1** information

Publications



Templates for different assays

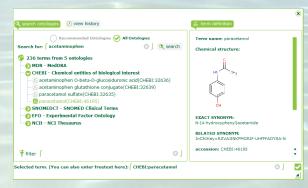
Specify experimental factors



Materials and results, with links to files containing the raw or processed data



#### Each step linked to a **SEURAT-1** protocol



#### Terms mapped to ontologies

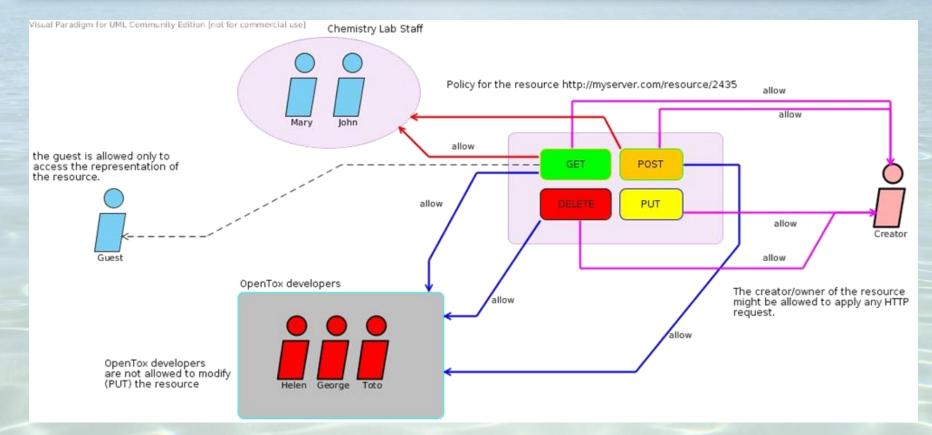




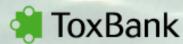




# Security



Use Open Standards on Resources but with extensive Authorisation and Authentication facilities accompanied by confidential data policies. e.g. Validation against Confidential Data Case implemented Spring 2011



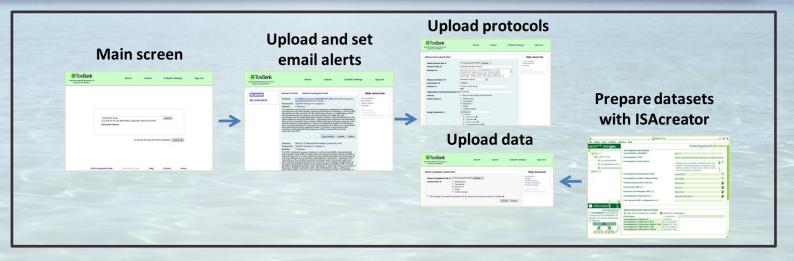




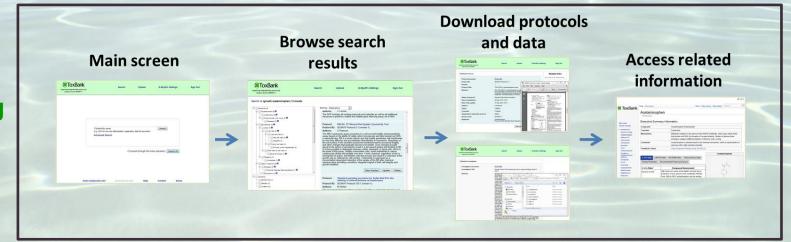


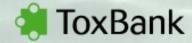
#### ToxBank System for Data and Protocol Management

Uploading protocols and data



**Searching** 



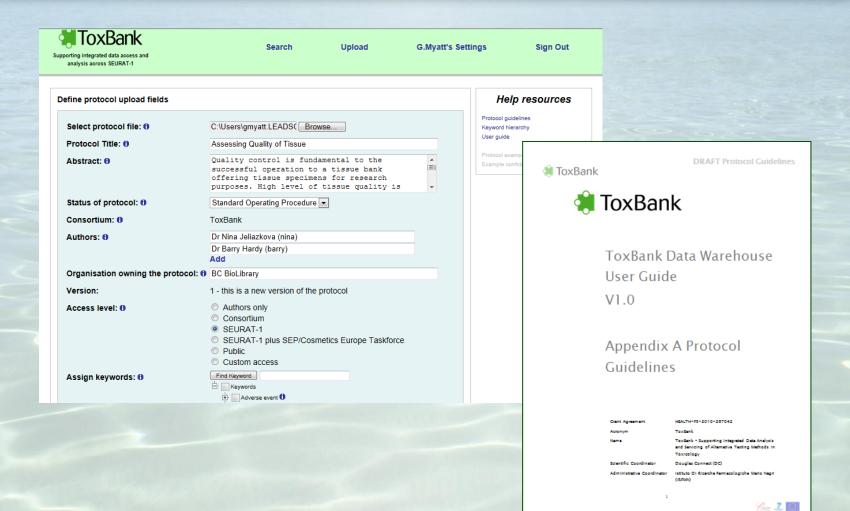


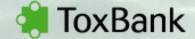






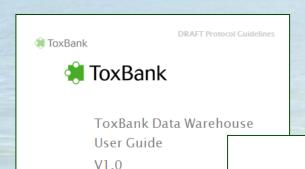
# Uploading a protocol







## Research Protocol vs. Standard Operating Procedure



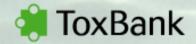
Appendix A Protocol

Coart Agreement MGALTH-F2-2010-287042
Acronym ToxBank
Name ToxBank - Supporting Integrand Section of Alternative 1
Toxicology
Scientific Coordinator Douglas Connect (OC)
Administrative Coordinator Instruct Of Sicretin Semecol

#### 1.2. Types of Protocols

There are two types of protocols that can be uploaded into the ToxBank Data Warehouse:

- Research protocols: This is defined as documentation for procedures that are still in development; however, access to the method by other laboratories is considered useful.
   At a minimum the documentation should include a stepwise protocol, reagent list and key technical advice.
- Standard operating procedures: A Standard Operating Procedure or SOP should contain specific elements including: a stepwise protocol, reagent list/catalog numbers, supplementary procedures for reagent preparation, safety notes/COSHH assessment, and technical tips critical to method performance. Additional documentation which reports a series of results with the method including control and/or reference material values to demonstrate method performance should be provided within this structured SOP. This should enable the method to be transferred to other laboratories without the need for additional information. The procedure should be repeated by an independent group.









# Guidelines provides suggestions on protocol outline and content





#### 1.4. Writing protocols

ToxBank

A document (Word or PDF) should be written outlining the precise ordered steps such that scientists with comparable knowledge would be able to efficiently and reliably duplicate the process. Specialized or atypical terms should be defined in the document. Diagrams and flowchart

The individual sections of the protocols will change based on the specific type of protocol being written. The following suggested sections are provided as guidelines in writing the protocol.

Title Page: This should include the title, and other information including project affiliations and logos, organization details, authors, any deliverable number, and any information on the internal

Table of contents. This is especially important to include in protocols than span many pages.

Abbreviations and acronyms: A full list of abbreviation and acronyms used in the protocol should be presented upfront.

ction: The context and rationale of the methods such be outlined, including a scientific rationale and the biological and/or mechanistic basis. Where the data has been collected at specific time points or an assay read-out has been selected, the relevance for assessing chronic

Purpose: The purpose of the protocol should be outlined along with its intended audience.

Scope, advantages and limitation: The scope should indicate what is covered in the protocol. Specific advantages over existing methodologies should be listed as well as any limits to its use, including any regulatory requirements or restriction on types of applicable chemicals

Personnel qualification: This information should be provided where specialized training or experience is required to perform the protocol.

Method outline: Erlefly summarize the method.

mables and equipment: This section should list any equipment and supplies, including names and origins of the cell or test systems used, fixed equipment and consumables required to perform the protocol, and any components used to perform the protocol (media, reagents, sera, and so on). Any necessary preparations should be listed including level of sterility, media and endpoint assay solutions, test chemical solutions, as well as positive and negative controls.

Methods: The precise steps necessary to perform the protocol should be provided. Including the test system procurement, routine culture procedures, calibrations, test material exposure procedures (including range finding experiments), and endpoint measurement (including required hardware/software, number of replicates, plate layouts, etc.) and data analysis or predictive models used. The protocol should also describe the format of any raw data generated and well as any subsequent data processing or analysis. Where checklists or forms are needed, they should be referenced in this section and attached to the protocol in the Appendix. Where another protocol has been used to complete a specific step within the protocol. It should be cited and if it has a



#### DRAFT Protocol Guidelines

SEURAT protocol ID, this ID and version number should be included. Any deviations from the cited protocols should be described.

He alth, safety and environment: List any issues and suggested precautions

📜 ToxBank

Notes and troubleshooting: This section should detail any other comments and suggestions

References: Related publication, protocols or manuals should cited. Any SEURAT-1 protocol citations should also include their SEURAT protocol ID and version number.

Appendicus: Include any checklist or forms referenced in the protocol

It is helpful to include a headers/footer that includes page numbers (e.g. page 1 of 85), a short

During the upload process, keywords are associated with the protocol based on a fixed list. Any additional keywords can be included in the protocol. These will be considered for inclusion within updated versions of the keyword hierarchy.

#### 1.5. Sharing and managing protocols across SEURAT-1

Once a protocol has been written and approved to be uploaded into the ToxSank data warehouse, the principal investigator will be responsible for uploading the protocol. During this process the protocol document is identified and information is provided to support tracking, sharing,

Upon upload, the first version of the protocol will be assigned a protocol ID. This id is unique to this specific version of the protocol. SEURAT.Protocol.854.1 is an example of a protocol id. where 854 is the protocol number assigned to all version of the protocol and 1 is the version number (in

At any time, a new version of the protocol document can be generated and uploaded. This new version will retain the protocol number; however, it will be assigned version 2 (or one plus the previous version) such as SEURAT.Protocol.854.2.

Which investigators within the SEURAT-1 cluster have access to the protocol is controlled by the principal investigator. This access level can be changed at any time. Although it is discourage, it is even possible to prevent others from seeing the title and abstract of the protocol when they

Where a version of a protocol is not used to support any investigation study data entries, this version can be deleted by the principal investigator if it is considered obsolete.

To support searching, a title, abstract, author, owner, and keywords are provided upon upload. This information can also be updated over time without generating a new version of the protocol.

Any questions or suggestions from other investigators concerning the protocol, as well as requests for access to the protocol (where the protocol has restricted access through ToxBank), will be directed to the principal investigator who uploaded the protocol. The project should keep this principal investigator reference up-to-date should there be changes in job responsibilities.

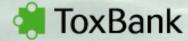










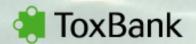


## Protocol review



### 1.3. Protocol preparation and approval

In each laboratory, it is important that a protocol is appropriately reviewed using any internal approval process prior to uploading the protocol into ToxBank. During the process, it would be beneficial to have someone inside the lab, not involved in writing the protocol document, to test the protocol prior to release. It is desirable to make the protocols available to as many scientists as possible in the cluster; however, there are reasons for restricting access to the protocol such as a pending publication or intellectual property issues. It is possible to upload a protocol and restrict access to the protocol, which can be changed over time.

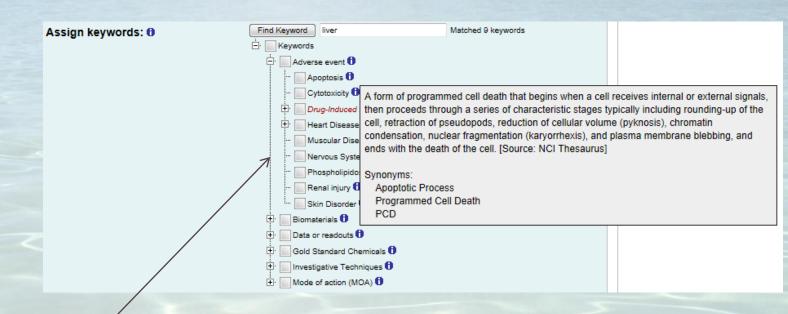




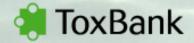




# Protocols are indexed using a keyword hierarchy



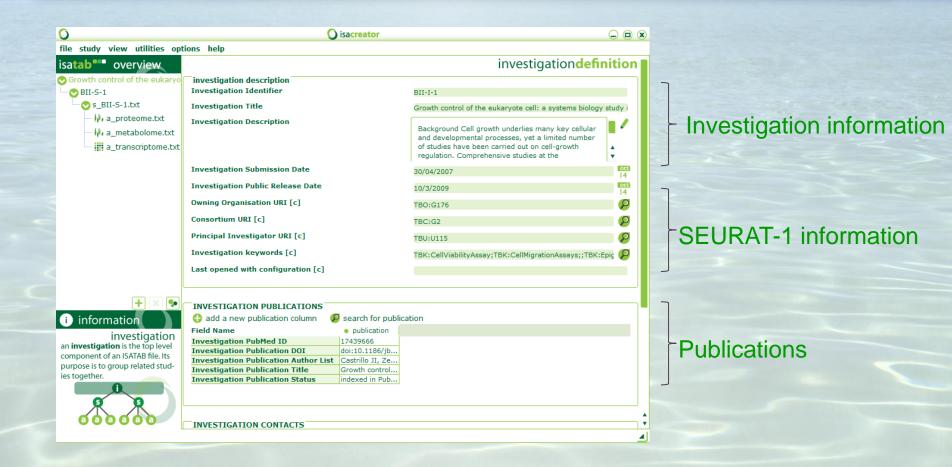
Set keywords to support searching, browsing and linking

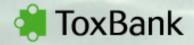








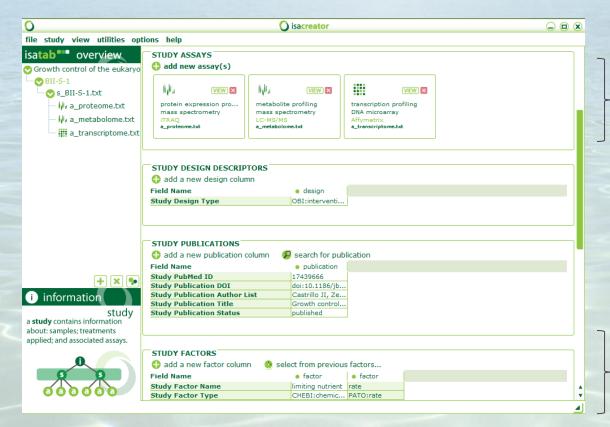






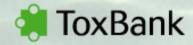






Templates for different assays

Specify experimental factors



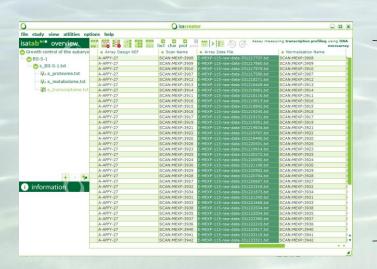




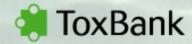




Results, with each step linked to a SEURAT-1 protocol



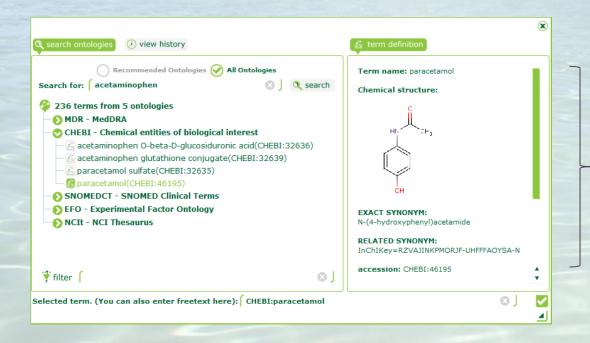
Results, with links to files containing the raw or processed data



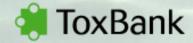








Mapped to terms in ontologies

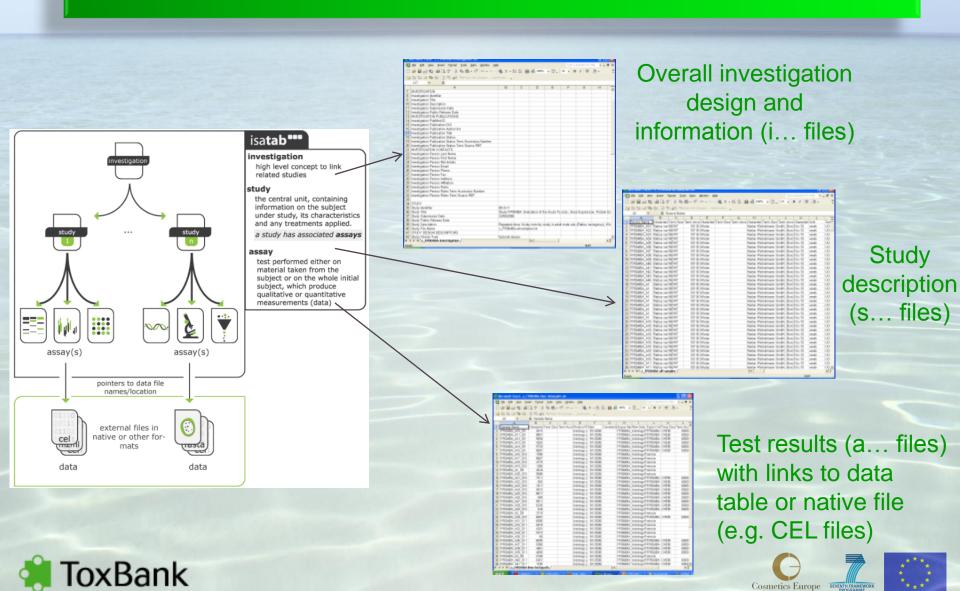








## Create an ISATAB zip archive for each investigation



# Publishing a protocol



Protocol Document:

Search

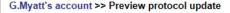
Upload

**G.Myatt's Settings** 

Unique ID and

version number

Sign Out



Download

Protocol ID: SFURAT-Protocol-191-1

Version:

Protocol Title: Assessing Quality of Tissue

Abstract: Quality control is fundamental to the successful operation to a

level of tissue quality is essential to avoid introducing inconsistencies and variables into research studies. BCUs should be confident that they are providing tissue samples with the appropriate quality to meet the research needs of investigators.

Testing procedures should be in place to monitor and assess the quality of the samples.

Status of protocol: Research Protocol

Date of submission: 28 November 2012 13:19 Date of last update: 28 November 2012 13:19

Authors: B.Hardy, N.Jeliazkova

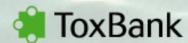
Owner: G.Myatt ToxBank Consortia:

Organisation owning the protocol: BC BioLibrary Access Level: SEURAT-1

Keywords: Cellular quality



Delete

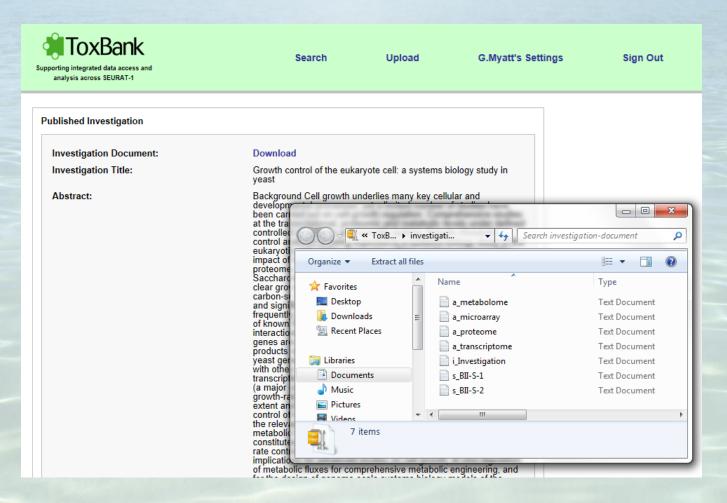


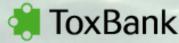






# Viewing the investigation record











# Linking to wikis



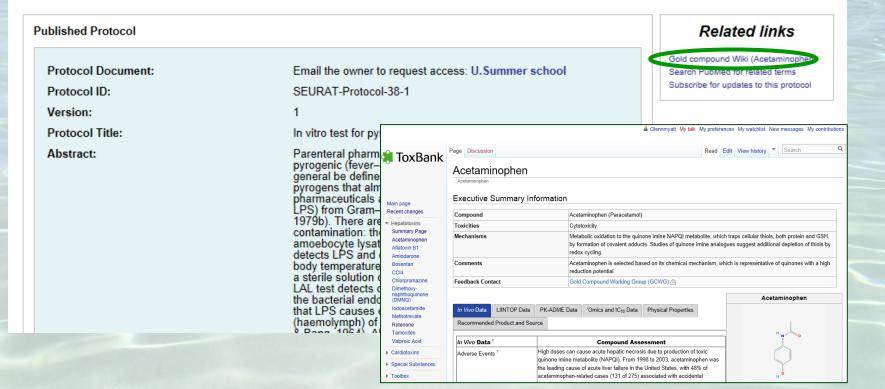
Supporting integrated data access and analysis across SEURAT-1

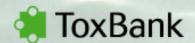
Search

Upload

G.Myatt's Settings

Sign Out











## ToxBank Wiki Development



Page Discussion

Read Edit View history

#### Main Page

Main Page

Q

Main page Recent changes

- Hepatotoxins
- Cardiotoxins
- Renal Toxins
- Special Substances
- Undifferentiated Stem Cells
- Reagents (Growth Factors)
- Reagents (Antibodies)
- Reagents (Others)
- Suppliers (Cells) ALSPAC Asterand Biopredic

Cellartis Cellular Dynamics

DSMZ

**HPACC** ICLC

Lonza BioResearch Riken Bioresource

ToxBank Wiki

[edit]

The following wiki pages provide information on compounds and biological materials developed as part of the SEURAT-1 & cluster through the ToxBank project. The research leading to these results has received funding from Cosmetics Europe and the European Community's Seventh Framework Programme & (FP7/2007-2013) under grant agreement n° [267042]. This wiki site reflects only the authors' views. The European Community and Cosmetics Europe are not liable for any use that may be made of the information contained herein.

#### Gold compounds wiki pages

edit

Information on this wiki is based on the research and compound selection tasks performed by the Gold Compound Working Group (GCWG) using a selection criteria outlined by members of the GCWG. Further background information may be available from this working group or under review; selected reviewed materials are made available here

- Hepatotoxic Compounds
- Cardiotoxic Compounds
- Selection Criteria

Questions, inquiries, comments and feedback regarding the scientific content on these pages may be directed to the Gold Compound Working Group (GCWG) (a). The email will automatically be sent to all members on the GCWG group.

Assistance with wiki access or issues with the website in general may be directed to Micha Rautenberg on David Bower of the ToxBank project.

#### Biological materials wiki pages

edit

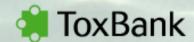
This wiki contains information on cells and reagents relevant to the SEURAT-1 cluster. The following document provides guidance for the banking and supply of human embryonic stem cells:

Questions, inquiries, comments and feedback regarding the scientific content on these pages may be directed to the Luam Kidane 🔊 at the UK Stem Cell Bank.

#### Recent News

[edit]

A report detailing the compound selection strategy was produced as a result of the numerous insightful meetings held at the Seurat-1 2<sup>nd</sup> Annual Meeting & and may be downloaded here.









## ToxBank integrates systems biology concepts into toxicological assessment

Pekka Kohonen, [a] Emilio Benfenati, [b] David Bower, [c] Rebecca Ceder, [a] Michael Crump, [c] Kevin Cross, [c] Roland C. Grafstrçm, [a] Lyn Healy, [d] Christoph Helma, [e] Nina Jeliazkova, [f] Vedrin Jeliazkov, [f] Silvia Maggioni, [b] Scott Miller, [c] Glenn Myatt, [c] Michael Rautenberg, [e] Glyn Stacey, [d] Egon Willighagen, [a] Jeff Wiseman, [g] and Barry Hardy [h]; [a] Karolinska Institutet, Institute for Environmental Medicine, Molecular Toxicology, Stockholm, Sweden; [b], Istituto di Ricerche Farmacologiche Mario Negri, Milan, Italy; [a] Leadscope, Columbus, USA; [d] National Institute for Biological Standards and Control, Potters Bar, UK; [e] In silico toxicology, Basel, Switzerland; [f] Ideaconsult, Sofia, Bulgaria; [g] Pharmatrope, Wayne, USA; [h] Douglas Connect, Zeiningen, Switzerland.

#### Conclusions - great potential to contribute to

- ❖toxicity evaluation based on Mode-of-Action
- decreased need for animal experiments

### Systems toxicology - principles

Understanding the **toxicological interactions** in *biological* systems under compound challenges

#### Based on developments in high-throughput biology

- ❖ 'Omics profiling: gene expression, proteins, metabolites and others
- cell-based screening: High-Throughput and High-Content analyses

#### Risk assessment carried out primarily using

- in vitro
- In silico methods

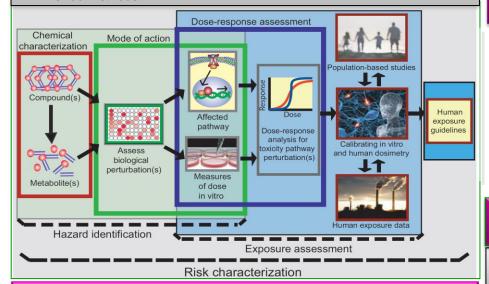
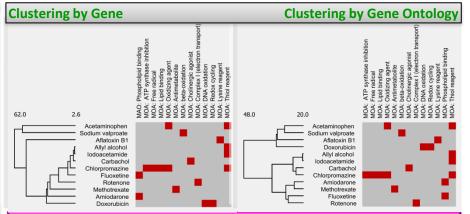
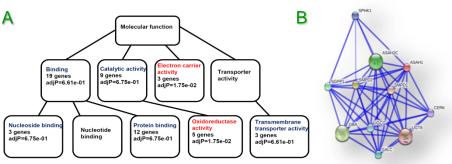


Figure 1. Multiple tools will be, step by step, implemented into ar innovative toxicity testing strategy based on mode-of-action.

Kohonen P. et al. The ToxBank Data Warehouse: Supporting the Replacement of In Vivo Repeated Dose Systemic Toxicity Testing. Molecular Informatics. 17 JAN 2013, DOI: 10.1002/minf.201200114.



**Figure 2.** Clustering of ToxBank Gold Compounds by **biological similarity** using chemical-genome. Iinks from Comparative Toxicogenomics Database (CTD) Compounds with similar Mode-of-Action cluster together.



**Figure 3.** A) Enriched gene ontology (GO) categories of genes associated with the oxidizing agent mode-of-action (MOA) B) Protein-protein association network around the Asali1 protein Associated with phospholioid binding MOA.

ToxBank builds <u>databases and data management solutions</u> to aid in systems toxicology-based risk assessment



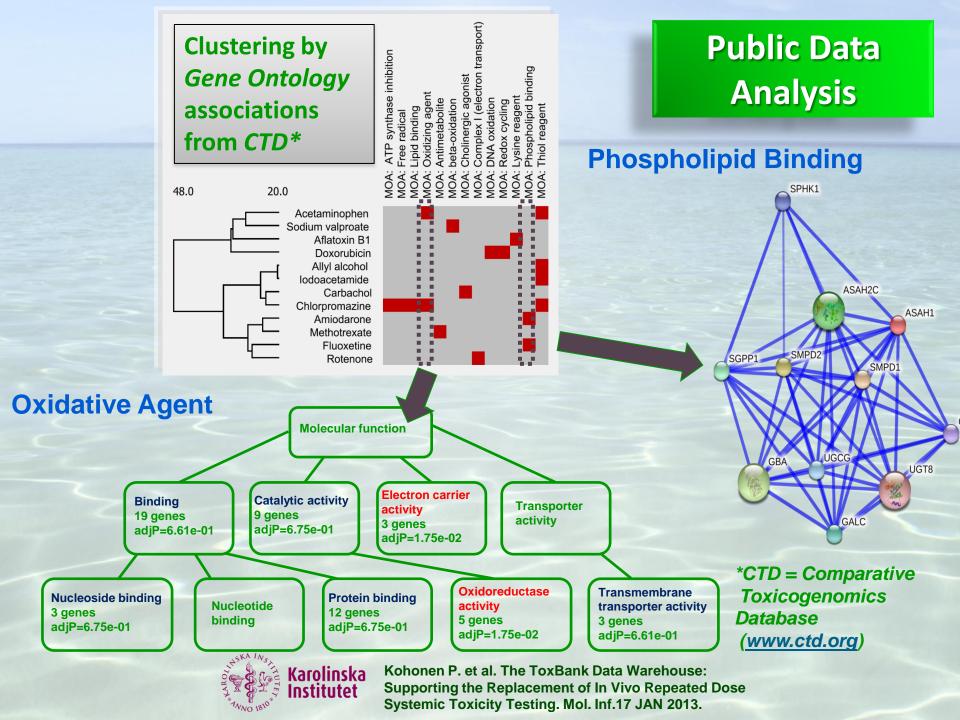
ToxBank

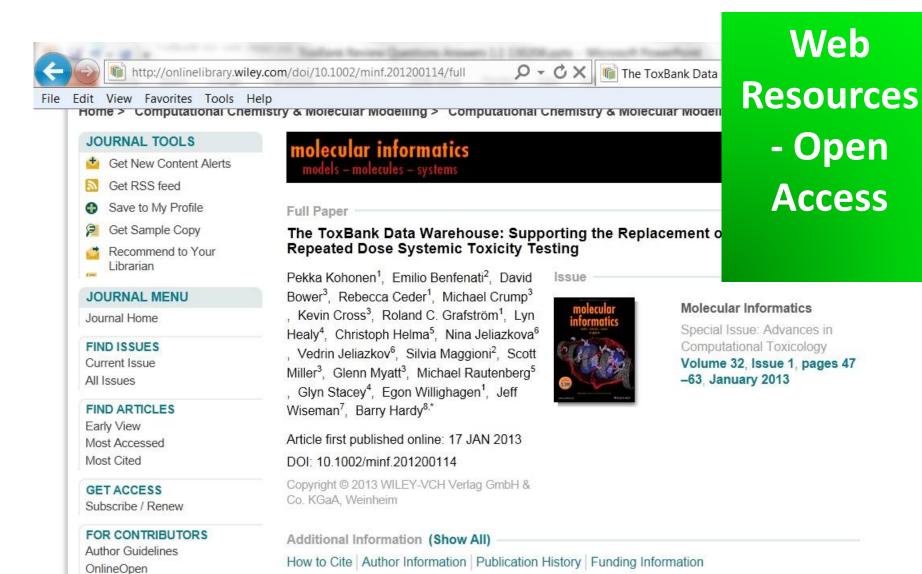






Institute of Environmental Medicine
Institutet för Miljömedicin





References

Supporting Information

Cited By

Abstract

Article

Submit an Article

ABOUT THIS JOURNAL

## SAM ICT Architecture

### Collaboration Pattern Suggestions

- Hold a meeting!
- Discuss a new strategy!
- Contact partner Y!



Data, Protocols, Results

SAM partners generate data/protocols using external tools and platforms (e.g. OpenTox)



**CERF** 

Data

Consensus Rule Outcome

Data is exchanged as ontology-based messages



**Events** petals

Enterprise Service Bus

Data

Consensus Rule Editor

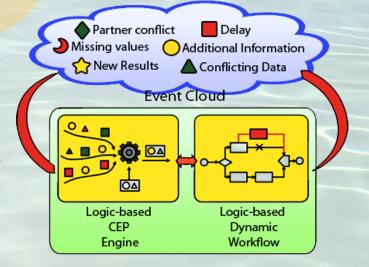
- There is a data conflict.
- Method A is not providing accurate predictions.
- New information is available.

· etc.

**Data** 



**CEPS Complex Event** Pattern Service



Hardy and Affentranger, Drug Discovery Today.

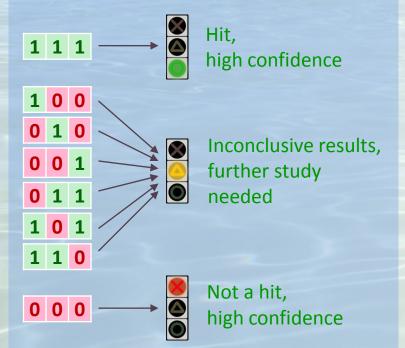
2013 Jul; 18(13-14):681-6.

# **Event Driven Weight of Evidence**



Consensus Rule Editor

## **Recommendation Rules:**





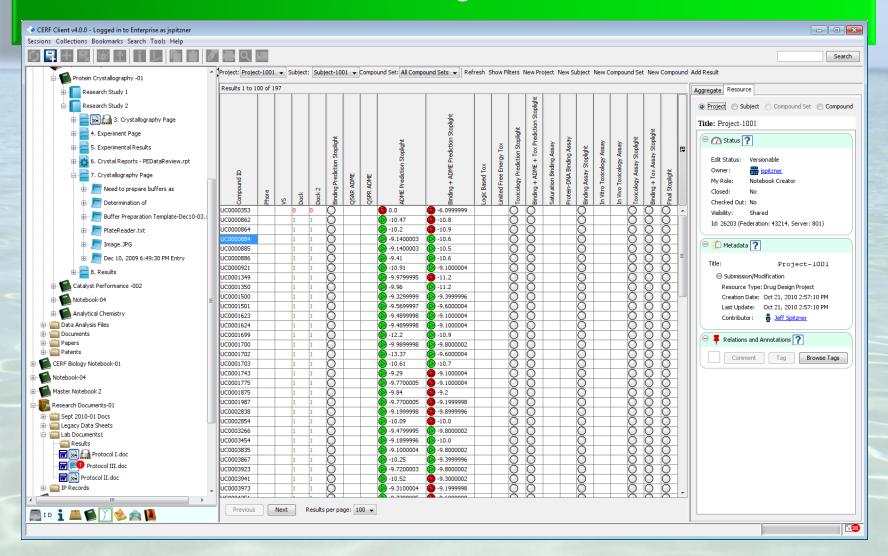
## Synergy



## **OpenTox**



## **Event-driven Weight of Evidence**

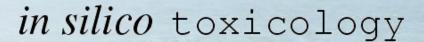


Hardy and Affentranger, Drug Discovery Today. 2013 Jul; 18(13-14):681-6.

## **ToxBank Acknowledgements**

## **DouglasConnect**











UK Stem Cell Bank, NIBSC-HPA



Ideaconsult Ltd

